

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Date of

Version: 1.1 issue: 08/08/2019 Revision date: 08/08/2019 Supersedes: 12/17/2015

SECTION 1: Identification

Identification

Product form : Substance

Substance name : Stone Shield Porous Stone Impregnator

Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Sealer/Impregnator for Natural Stone

1.3. **Supplier**

Atlanta Branch Office

InnoChem LLC

6300Button Gwinnett Dr.

Atlanta, GA 30340

770-409-8789 (t)

770-409-9096 (f)

WEBSITE: www.braxton-bragg.com EMAIL: info@innochemllc.com

Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : INFOTRAC 800-535-5053

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Flammable liquids Category 3

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2

Full text of H statements: see section 16

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements 2.2.

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)







Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements (GHS US) : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water/shower

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use co2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction.

P391 - Collect spillage.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

08/08/2019 EN (English US) Page 1

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

PHNOC: Electrostatic charge may be generated during pumping.

HHNOC: None known

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification	
Hydrocarbons, C10-C12, isoalkanes, < 2% aromatics (Main constituent)	(CAS-No.) 64741-65-7	40% - 94%	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation

: First aid is not normally required. If breathing difficulties develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air in a position comfortable for breathing. Seek immediate medical attention.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: Remove contaminated shoes and clothing and cleanse affected area(s) thoroughly by washing with mild soap and water or a waterless hand cleaner. If irritation or redness develops and persists, seek medical attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact

: If irritation or redness develops from exposure, flush eyes with clean water. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion

: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage, If victim is drowsy or unconscious and vomiting, place on the left side with the head down. If possiblem do not leave the victim unattended and observe closely for adequacy of breathing. Seek medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

: Effects of overexposure can include slight irritation of the respiratory tract, nausea, vomiting, and signs of nervous system depression (e.g. headache, drowsiness, dizziness, loss of coordination, disorientation and fatigue). Continued exposure to high concentrations can result in vomiting, cardiac irregularities and sudden loss of consciousness. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Epinephrine and other sympathomimetic drugs may initiate cardiac arrhythmias in persons exposed to high concentrations of hydrocarbon solvents (e.g., in enclosed spaces or with deliberate abuse). The use of other drugs with less arrhythmogenic potential should be considered. If sympathomimetic drugs are administered, observe for the development of cardiac arrhythmias.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or foam is recommended. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Water may be ineffective for extinguishment, unless used under favorable conditions by experienced fire fighters.

08/08/2019 EN (English US) 2/8

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Usual Fire hazards/ Explosion hazards

: Flammable.

This material can be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g., static electricity, pilot lights, mechanical/ electrical equipment, and electronic devices such as cell phones, computers, calculators, and pagers which have not been certified as intrinsically safe) Vapors may travel considerable distances to a source of ignition where they can ignite, flash back, or explode. May create vapor/ air explosion hazard indoors, in confined spaces, outdoors, or in sewers. This product will float and can be reignited on surface water. Vapors are heavier than air and can accumulate in low areas. If container is not properly cooled, it can rupture in the heat of a fire.

Hazardous combustion products

: Combustion may yield smoke, carbon monoxide, and other products of incomplete combustion.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Precautionary measures fire

: Exposure to fire/heat: keep upwind. Exposure to fire/heat: consider evacuation. Exposure to fire/heat: have neighborhood close doors and windows.

Firefighting instructions

: Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety. Take account of environmentally hazardous firefighting water. Use water moderately and if possible collect or contain it.

Protection during firefighting : Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment

: Gloves. Protective clothing.

Emergency procedures

: Mark the danger area. Stop engines and no smoking. No naked flames or sparks. Spark- and explosion proof appliances and lighting equipment. Wash contaminated clothes.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment

: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spreading in sewers.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

: Contain released product, pump into suitable containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the liquid spill. Do not use compressed air for pumping over spills. Heating: dilute combustible gas/vapor with water curtain.

Methods for cleaning up

Take up liquid spill into inert absorbent material. Scoop absorbed substance into closing containers. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Damaged/cooled tanks must be emptied. Do not use compressed air for pumping over spills. Clean contaminated surfaces with a soap solution. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

Other information

: Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

Notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Keep away from naked flames/heat. Use earthed equipment. Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection. Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Do not wear contaminated clothing or shoes. Keep contaminated clothing or shoes. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Do not use compressed air for pumping over. Keep container tightly closed.

Hygiene measures : Observe normal hygiene standards.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures

: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

08/08/2019 EN (English US) 3/8

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Storage conditions

: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed and properly. Use and store this material in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, hot metal surfaces, and all sources of ignition. Store only in approved containers. Keep away from any incompatible material. Protect container(s) against physical damage. Outdoor or detached storage is preferred. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes.

"Empty" containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such container to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. "Empty" drums should be completely drained, properly bunged, and promptly shipped to the supplier or a drum conditioner. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations. Before working on or in tanks which contain or have contained this material, refer to OSHA Z49.1, and other reference pertaining to cleaning, repairing, welding, or other contemplated operations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

State, local or other agencies or advisory groups may have established more stringent limits. Consult an industrial hygienist or similar professional, or your local agencies, for further information.

Stone Shield Porous Stone Impregnator (64741-65-7)			
Hydrocarbons, C10-12, isoalkanes, < 2% aromatics	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	450 mg/m³ (8 hr)	
Hydrocarbons, C10-12, isoalkanes, < 2% aromatics	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)	1100 mg/m³ (skin)	

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Materials for protective clothing:

GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: PVC

Hand protection:

Gloves.

The use of skin protection is not normally required; however, good industrial hygiene practice suggests the use of gloves or other appropriate skin protection whenever working with chemicals. Suggested protective materials: Nitrile.

Eye protection:

Safety glasses.

The use of skin protection is not normally required; however, good industrial hygiene practice suggests the use of eye protection that meets or exceeds ANSI .87.1 whenever working with chemicals.

Skin and body protection:

Protective clothing

The use of skin protection is not normally required; however, good industrial hygiene practice suggests the use of gloves or other appropriate skin protection whenever working with chemicals. Suggested protective materials: Nitrile.

Respiratory protection:

High gas/vapour concentration: full face mask with filter type A

A respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. Air purifying respirators provide limited protection and cannot be used in atmospheres that exceed the maximum use concentrations (as directed by regulation or the manufacturer's instructions), in oxygen deficient (less than 19.5 percent oxygen) situations, or under conditions that are immediately dangerous to life and health. (IDLH)

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

08/08/2019 EN (English US) 4/8

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Appearance : Clear and bright

Color : Clear

Odor : No distinct odor
Odor threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Melting point : Not applicable
Freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point : 347 °F

Flash point : 130 °F; ASTM D56 / Tag closed cup

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : >1

Flammability limits : Upper limits (vol.) 7.0

Lower limits (vol.) 1.0

Vapor pressure : 0.8 psia (Reid VP) @ 100 °F

Bulk density : 6.33 lbs/gal

Density : 0.759 @ 60 °F

Specific gravity / density : 760 kg/m³

Solubility : Insoluble in water. Substance floats in water.

Water: < 0.1 g/100ml

Log Pow : No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : 658 °F

Decomposition temperature : No data available Viscosity, kinematic : No data available Viscosity, dynamic : No data available Explosion limits : No data available Explosive properties : No data available Oxidizing properties : No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content : 100 %

Other properties : Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C. Clear.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Not chemically reactive

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and strong reducing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified
Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

08/08/2019 EN (English US) 5/8

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Not classified
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure : Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated : Not classified

exposure

Aspiration hazard : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Dangerous for the environment. Ecology - water : Toxic to aquatic organisms.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Stone Shield Porous Stone Impregnator (64741-65-7)	
Bioaccumulative potential	No test data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Stone Shield Porous Stone Impregnator (64741-65-7)	
Ecology - soil No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.	

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods

: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations

Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Remove to an authorized plant for the destruction, neutralization and elimination of hazardous waste. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1268 Petroleum distillates, n.o.s., 3, III

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1268

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.

Class (DOT) : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Packing group (DOT) : III – Minor Danger Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid



Dangerous for the environment : Yes

08/08/2019 EN (English US) 6/8

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

: Yes Marine pollutant



: 201

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: 243

: 144 - If transported as a residue in an underground storage tank (UST), as defined in 40 CFR 280.12, that has been cleaned and purged or rendered inert according to the American Petroleum Institute (API) Standard 1604 (IBR, see 171.7 of this subchapter), then the tank and this material are not subject to any other requirements of this subchapter. However, sediments remaining in the tank that meet the definition for a hazardous material are subject to the applicable regulations of this subchapter.

T11 - 6 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling. TP8 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150 kPa) may be used when

the flash point of the hazardous material transported is greater than 0 C (32 F).

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 1 L

(49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 30 L

CFR 175.75)

DOT Vessel Stowage Location

: E - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length, but is prohibited from carriage on passenger vessels in which the limiting number of passengers is exceeded.

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number

Other information

: No supplementary information available.

Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Transport by sea

Transport document description (IMDG) : UN 1993 flammable liquid, n.o.s., 3, III, MARINE POLLUTANT/ENVIRONMENTALLY

HAZARDOUS

UN-No. (IMDG)

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : flammable liquid, n.o.s. Class (IMDG) : 3 - Flammable liquids

Packing group (IMDG) : III - substances presenting low danger

: F-E EmS-No. (1) : S-E EmS-No. (2) Marine pollutant : Yes



Air transport

Transport document description (IATA) : UN 1993 Flammable liquid, n.o.s., 3, III, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS

: 1993 UN-No. (IATA)

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Flammable liquid, n.o.s. Class (IATA) : 3 - Flammable Liquids : III - Minor Danger Packing group (IATA)

08/08/2019 EN (English US) 7/8

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory except for:

Stone Shield Porous Stone Impregnator	CAS-No. 64741-65-7	100%

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

No additional information available

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

SECTION 16: Other information

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date : 08/08/2019

Full text of H-phrases:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

NFPA health hazard

: 0 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

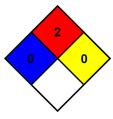
NFPA fire hazard

: 2 - Materials that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can

occur.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.



SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. Please be advised revisions to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) may require a label update. In no event shall Whitaker Oil Company be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if Whitaker Oil Company has been advised of the possibility for injury or damages resulting from the inappropriate alteration or manipulation of this SDS and its contents from that originally submitted by Whitaker Oil Company.

08/08/2019 EN (English US) 8/8